



UPSC

2008 - MAINS - SOCIOLOGY - PAPER - I

INSTRUCTIONS

For each paper: Time Allowed : Three Hours Maximum Marks : 250

There are EIGHT questions divided in two Sections and printed both in HINDI and in ENGLISH.

Candidate has to attempt FIVE questions in all.

Question Nos. 1 and 5 are compulsory and out of the remaining, THREE are to be attempted choosing at least ONE question from each Section.

The number of marks carried by a question/part is indicated against it.

Answers must be written in the medium authorized in the Admission Certificate which must be stated clearly on the cover of this Question-cum-Answer (QCA) Booklet in the space provided. No marks will be given for answers written in medium other than the authorized one.

Word limit in questions, wherever specified, should be adhered to.

Attempts of questions shall be counted in chronological order. Unless struck off, attempt of a question shall be counted even if attempted partly. Any page or portion of the page left blank in the Question-cum-Answer Booklet must be clearly struck off.

SECTION-A

1. Write Short Notes on any Three of the following (Each one should not exceed 200 words) : -
(20 x 3 = 60)
 - a) Role of value in sociology enquiry
 - b) Social mobility in open and closed system
 - c) Social movement as an expression of protest
 - d) Education as an agent of social change
2. How is emergence of sociology linked with modernization of Europe? (60)
3. What is the importance of sampling in sociological studies? Distinguish between simple random sampling and stratified random sampling. (60)
4. Using Max Weber's theory, discuss what ethical and religious ideas produced capitalism in certain societies and how? (60)

SECTION-B



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5. Write short notes on any three of the following in about 200 words each: (20 x 3 = 60)
- Relevant of pattern variable in the society change
 - Mead's notion of self
 - Importance and source of hypotheses in social research
 - New trends in the type and forms of family in the cotemporary India
6. What is Merton's view of relationship between social structure and deviance? In what sense is a deviant also a conformist? (60)
7. In what important ways can religion be a force both for social stability and social change? Discuss. (60)
8. Discuss the emerging forms of marriage and family with examples from the West and the East. Can there be family without marriage? Examine.

