



UPSC

2013 - MAINS - PAPER - II

POLITICAL SCIENCE & INTERNATIONAL RELATIONS

INSTRUCTIONS

For each paper: Time Allowed : Three Hours Maximum Marks : 250

There are EIGHT questions divided in two Sections and printed both in HINDI and in ENGLISH.

Candidate has to attempt FIVE questions in all.

Question Nos. 1 and 5 are compulsory and out of the remaining, THREE are to be attempted choosing at least ONE question from each Section.

The number of marks carried by a question/part is indicated against it.

Answers must be written in the medium authorized in the Admission Certificate which must be stated clearly on the cover of this Question-cum-Answer (QCA) Booklet in the space provided. No marks will be given for answers written in medium other than the authorized one.

Word limit in questions, wherever specified, should be adhered to.

Attempts of questions shall be counted in chronological order. Unless struck off, attempt of a question shall be counted even if attempted partly. Any page or portion of the page left blank in the Question-cum-Answer Booklet must be clearly struck off.



Section A

1. Answer the following questions in about 150 words each : 10 x 5=50
 - a) Identify the elements of change in India's foreign policy.
 - b) Sketch the leadership role of India in WTO negotiations.
 - c) Examine the recent developments in India-Japan relationship.
 - d) Bring out the objectives of India seeking permanent seat in Security Council
 - e) Is India's Nuclear doctrine a viable one?
2. Answer the following questions in about 200 words each (20+15+15=50m)
 - a) Compare and contrast social movements in advanced industrial and developing societies.
 - b) Give reasons for Regionalism of world politics.
 - c) Compare and Contrast Sin-India approaches to global Environmental concerns.



UPSC

2013 - MAINS - PAPER - II

POLITICAL SCIENCE & INTERNATIONAL RELATIONS

3. Answer the following questions in about 200 words each (20+15+15=50m)
- What roles do norms, taboos and epistemic play in the context of nuclear proliferation?
 - Substantiate APEC as a regional economic and trade arrangement.
 - Identify the major changes in the International Political economy in post Cold War period.
4. Answer the following questions in about 200 words each (20+15+15=50m)
- Is the rise of social movement a sign of opening up of popular space in political process or decline of representative politics? Examine.
 - Highlight the major features of Non-alignment 2.0 document
 - Identify the role and place of Gender in the global economy.

Section-B

5. Answer the following questions in about 150 words each x 10 marks each
- Identify the challenges to American hegemony in post Soviet world.
 - What does the pace of nuclear proliferation in post Cold War suggest?
 - State the place of Gender Justice in global agenda.
 - “Global commons belong to global society and requires global attention”. Comment.
 - Sketch the journey of global political economy from Washington consensus to the present.
6. Answer the following questions in about 200 words each (20+15+15=50m)
- Examine major principles of State centric world views.
 - How does Marxist approach explain contemporary International Relations?
 - ‘National Interests are Dynamic’. Identify the dynamic nature of National Interests in the contemporary world politics with suitable examples.



UPSC
2013 - MAINS - PAPER - II

POLITICAL SCIENCE & INTERNATIONAL RELATIONS

7. Answer the following questions in about 200 words each (20+15+15=50m)

- 'The economic content of India's foreign trade is increasingly growing'. Substantiate the statement with economic diplomatic engagements of India in the last decade.
- Write a note on Intellectual precursors of Realism.
- 'Building 'peace by pieces' is the basis of functionalism'. Elaborate.

8. Answer the following questions in about 250 words each (20+15+15=50m)

- 'Transnational actors have become driving forces of global politics'. Elaborate.
- 'A minimal State ensures maximum of Individual Liberty'. Examine the concept of Minimal State.
- 'Collective Security and Collective Defense are the institutional and State mechanism to sustain the domination of powers that be in International politics'. Elaborate.

