



# UPSC

## 2011 - MAINS - PAPER - II

### POLITICAL SCIENCE & INTERNATIONAL RELATIONS

#### INSTRUCTIONS

For each paper: Time Allowed : Three Hours Maximum Marks : 250

There are EIGHT questions divided in two Sections and printed both in HINDI and in ENGLISH.

Candidate has to attempt FIVE questions in all.

Question Nos. 1 and 5 are compulsory and out of the remaining, THREE are to be attempted choosing at least ONE question from each Section.

The number of marks carried by a question/part is indicated against it.

Answers must be written in the medium authorized in the Admission Certificate which must be stated clearly on the cover of this Question-cum-Answer (QCA) Booklet in the space provided. No marks will be given for answers written in medium other than the authorized one.

Word limit in questions, wherever specified, should be adhered to.

Attempts of questions shall be counted in chronological order. Unless struck off, attempt of a question shall be counted even if attempted partly. Any page or portion of the page left blank in the Question-cum-Answer Booklet must be clearly struck off.



#### Section A

1. Answer the following in about 200 words each : 20 x 3=60
  - (a) "Either terrorism triumphs or civilization triumphs." Comment on the above statement.
  - (b) What is 'New Social Movement (NSM) ? Explain the main challenges of the NSM in the developing countries.
  - (c) Examine the nature and dynamics of contemporary globalization.
2. (a) What is comprehensive approach to national security?
  - (b) Do you agree with the view that over-widening of the concept of 'national security' has made it a more amorphous concept? Discuss.
3. (a) "Structural-functional approach to political analysis focuses more on status quoism, and less on change." Elucidate.



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(b) Explain the uses of systems approach in international relations and examine the relevance of Kaplan's system analysis.

4. (a) How far have the efforts to maintain international order in the post-Cold War period by the UN been successful?
- (b) What are the major impediments to UN Security Council reform ?

Section-B

5. Answer the following in about 200 words each: 20 x 30=60

(a) Explain the role of the Parliament in the shaping of 123 Agreement between India and the US on Civil-nuclear Cooperation.

(b) Do you think that India should sign a treaty with China on water-sharing of Brahmaputra River, similar to what she did with Nepal and other neighboring states?

(c) "While India opposes NPT as discriminatory, it opposes CTBT on the ground of ineffectiveness." Comment.

6. Explain the following statements and elucidate their implications : 30+30=60

(a) "India's policy of non-alignment was based on both idealist and realist calculations."

(b) "India's policy in post-Cold War era is tilted towards pragmatism and wisdom."

7. (a) Explain the major flaws in India's 'Look East Policy'. Is it possible to steer and implement the policy successfully in view of China's emergence as a high-tech power in Asia-Pacific ? 20+10=30

(b) To what extent is multi-lateralism a reality with regard to India's constructive strategic partnership with Central Asian states?

8. (a) Explain the impact of coalition politics on India's Foreign Policy since late 1990's.

(b) Discuss the implications of ethnicity and nation-building in South Asia, and their impact in the relations of states within South Asia.