



UPSC

2004 - MAINS - PAPER - I

POLITICAL SCIENCE & INTERNATIONAL RELATIONS

INSTRUCTIONS

For each paper: Time Allowed : Three Hours Maximum Marks : 300

There are EIGHT questions divided in two Sections and printed both in HINDI and in ENGLISH.

Candidate has to attempt FIVE questions in all.

Question Nos. 1 and 5 are compulsory and out of the remaining, THREE are to be attempted choosing at least ONE question from each Section.

The number of marks carried by a question/part is indicated against it.

Answers must be written in the medium authorized in the Admission Certificate which must be stated clearly on the cover of this Question-cum-Answer (QCA) Booklet in the space provided. No marks will be given for answers written in medium other than the authorized one.

Word limit in questions, wherever specified, should be adhered to.

Attempts of questions shall be counted in chronological order. Unless struck off, attempt of a question shall be counted even if attempted partly. Any page or portion of the page left blank in the Question-cum-Answer Booklet must be clearly struck off.



SECTION-A

1. Comments on any THREE of the following statements in not more than 200 words each: 20×3=60
 - (a) Four Purusharthas in Indian tradition.
 - (b) "Hobbes starts as an individualist but ends as an "absolutist".
 - (c) "Mill was the prophet of an empty liberty and an abstract individual." (Barker)
 - (d) "Society is federal, authority must be federal" (Laski)
2. Plato's theory of education 'is the logical result of his conception of justice'. Discuss. 60
3. Explain Hegel's theory of dialectical idealism. 60
4. Is Gramsci a theoretician of super-structures? Give reasons in support of your



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SECTION B

5. Comment on any three of the following in about 200 words each: 20 x 3 = 60
- Surat Split (1907)
 - The Government of India Act, 1919
 - Fundamental Duties in the Indian Constitution
 - Parliamentary Committees in India.
6. Highlight Mahatma Gandhi's role in the Indian National Movement. 60
7. Explain the main principles embodied in the Preamble to the Constitution of India. What is their significance? Do you think that they are the political horoscope of the country? Discuss. 60
8. How does the Supreme Court of India function as the "Guardian of the Constitution" and "protector of the rights of the citizens"? 60

